

Web Application Firewall Profiling and Evasion

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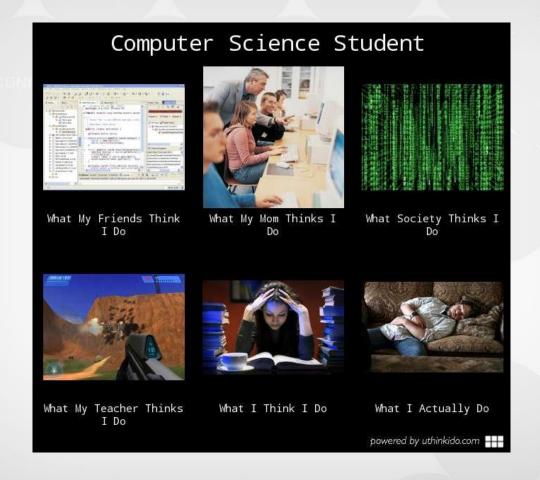
Introduction

Michael Ritter

- Study media informatics
- University for Applied Sciences Mittelhessen
- Part-time working student at Deloitte
- About to start my BA thesis



Student





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Basics

WEB APPLICATION FIREWALLS



Web Application Firewalls (WAFs)

- WAFs are used to detect and block attacks against vulnerable web applications
- WAFs can offer protection against a large-scale of vulnerabilities
- Often used as second line of defense
- WAFs are a crucial topic to secure a companies web environment



Vendors



REALL

NetScaler













Web Application Firewalls (WAFs)

- How do they work?
 - Using a set of rules to distinguish between normal requests and malicious requests
 - Sometimes they use a learning mode to add rules automatically through learning about user behaviour
- Operation Modes:
 - Negative Model (Blacklist based)
 - Positive Model (Whitelist based)
 - Mixed/Hybrid Model (Blacklist & whitelist model)
- Example (Blacklist based):
 - Do not allow in any page any user input like <script>*</script>



Implementation of a WAF

- 3 ways to implement a WAF
 - Reverse proxy
 - Inline
 - Connected to a Switch (SPAN->Port Mirroring)



Problems with the implementation

- Using the right rule set
 - Rule sets have an impact on the function of the Web Application behind the WAF
 - Problems
 - Blocking normal requests (false positives)
 - · Rule set needs to be adjusted
- Rule set with exceptions ©
 - Can result in (false negatives)
 - Attacker circumvents the WAF
 - Application exploitation







Identification Methods

HOW TO IDENTIFY A WAF



Cookies

Some WAF products add their own cookie in the HTTP communication.

```
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux i686; rv:14.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/14.0.1
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Proxy-Connection: keep-alive
Referer:
http://www.google.co.uk/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=/&sqi=2&ved=0CDIQFjAA&url=ht
%2F&ei=KfnxUK&yKoqqOAWSqoCIAw&usg=AFQjCNE4PePCcYi5O8GYcXBKkLgvVmalEw&sig2=1429XFcnhg772XkAu
k
Cookie: ASPSESSIONIDAQQBTAAC=HHBGEFPDOOJGAFFJKHEIJDKI; ns_af=t7Kzloy9zMoGnxVbWJpyDnsnxQkAO;
ns_af_.poupex.com.br_%2F_wat=QVNQUOVTUO1PTk1EQVFRQ1RBQbwtzzkHmQdSgMoDZdEb75a/VaoEgR1YA&;
```

Citrix Netscaler



- Header alternation (also Citrix Netscaler)
 - Some WAF products change the original response header to confuse the attacker

Citrix Netscaler

```
def isnetscaler(self):
    """
    First checks if a cookie associated with Necscaler is present,
    if not it will try to find if a "Cneonction" or "nnCoection" is returned
    for any of the attacks sent
    """

# NSC_ and citrix_ns_id come from David S. Langlands <dsl 'at' surfstar.com>
    if self.matchcookie('^(ns_af=|_titrix_ns_id|NSC_)'):
        return True
    if self.matchheader(('Cneonction','close'),attack=True):
        return True
    if self.matchheader(('nnCoection','close'),attack=True):
        return True
    return True
    return False
```

wafw00f.py (Automated Detection Tool)



- Inside the response
 - Some WAF identify themselves inside the response

dotDefender

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Cache-Control: no-cache
Content-Type: text/html
Vary: Accept-Encoding
Server: Microsoft-IIS/7.5
X-Powered-By: ASP.NET
Date: Thu, 05 Dec 2013 03:40:14 GMT
Content-Length: 2616

<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Frameset//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-frameset.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-frameset.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
<title>dotDefender Blocked Your Request</title>
.....
```

04-Dec-13

dotDefender Blocked Your Request

Please contact the site administrator, and provide the following Reference ID:

C5D7-93D0-04A0-5959



- Response Codes
 - Some WAF products reply with specific response

codes

Request

WebKnight

```
GET /?PageID=99<script>alert(1);</script>HTTP/1.1

Host: www.aqtronix.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; rv:25.0) Gecko/20100101

Firefox/25.0

Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8

Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
```

Response

HTTP/1.1 999 No Hacking

Server: WWW Server/1.1 Date: Thu, 05 Dec 2013 03:14:23 GMT Content-Type: text/html; charset=windows-1252 Content-Length: 1160 Pragma: no-cache Cache-control: no-cache

Expires: Thu, 05 Dec 2013 03:14:23 GMT



The Sony Case





- Further known methods
 - Drop Action Sending a FIN/RST packet (technically could also be an IDS/IPS)
 - Pre Built-In Rules Each WAF has different negative security signatures
 - Side-Channel Attacks (Timing behavior)



CONMICT



Profiling WAFs

WAF DETECTION TOOLS



WAF detection tools

- imperva-detect.py (Specialised on imperva)
- runs a baseline test + 5 additional tests
- Very quick results

```
Test 0 - Good User Agent...

Test 1 - Web Leech User Agent...

Test 2 - E-mail Collector Robot User Agent Blocking...

Test 3 - BlueCoat Proxy Manipulation Blocking...

Test 4 - Web Worm Blocking...

Test 5 - XSS Blocking...

--- Tests Finished on [https://www.example.com] -- 4 out of 5 tests indicate Imperva application firewall present ---
```



WAF detection tools

- More vendor based detection tools:
 - Paradox WAF detection
 - F5 Cookie Decoder Burp extension
 - FatCat SQL Injector

http://wafbypass.me/w/index.php/Bypass Tools



Nmap script (http-waf-detect)

- script can detect numerous IDS, IPS, and WAF products
- Works with:
 ModSecurity, Barracuda WAF, PHPIDS, dotDefender,
 Imperva Web Firewall, Blue Coat SG 400

Example Usage

```
nmap -p80 --script http-waf-detect <host>
```

Script Output

```
PORT STATE SERVICE
80/tcp open http
|_http-waf-detect: IDS/IPS/WAF detected
```



Wafw00f.py

 Wafw00f can identify the common patterns of more than 25 WAFs



Wafw00f.py

Problem

 Smart WAFs will hide their identity from cookie values as well as http responses e.g. they give 200 OK responses

Solution

- Additional test need to be performed
- like imperva-detect.py
- Built-in feature of wafw00f.py





Bypass the security system

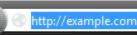
WAF BYPASSING METHODS



- Five bypassing methods
 - Brute forcing
 - Running a set of payloads
 - Tools like sqlmap use this approach
 - often fails
 - Automated tools
 - Reg-ex Reversing
 - WAF's rely upon matching the attack payloads with the signatures in their databases
 - Payload matches the reg-ex the WAF triggers alarm



History of payloads Example:



http://example.com/index.php?search=<script>alert(1);</script>

<script>alert(1);</script>
 (normal payload)

==

</script><scRiPt>aLeRt(1);</script> (HTML mix with upper/lowercase)

==

<scr<script>ipt>alert(1)</scr<script>ipt>

==

%3C%73%63%72%69%70%74%3E%61%6C%65%72%74%28%31%29%3B%3C%2F%73%63%72%69%70%74%3E (HEX-VALUE)

==

<script>alert(1&#x 29;;</script>

(HTML with semicolons)



- Vendors know about this issue
 - Preprocessing
 - Transformation of different encodings before the test runs



- Brower Bugs
 - Alternative method in case everything fails
 - Using old browser bug to bypass the ruleset
- Google Dorks approach
- Using different language chars
 - e.g. ē instead of e
 - This one is a evasion technique used to circumvent the keyword "select"

IBM Web Application Firewall Bypass - Exploit Database

www.exploit-db.com/exploits/17438/ *

Jun 23, 2011 - The IBM Web Application Firewall can be evaded, allowing an attacker to, exploit web vulnerabilities that the product intends to protect.

Fortinet FortiWeb Web Application Firewall Policy Bypass www.exploit-db.com/exploits/18840/ •

May 7, 2012 - BINAR10 has found a policy **bypass** occurrence when large size data is sent in. POST (data) or GET request. 3) Technical Details. 3.1.

Web Application Firewall Bypass using HTTP Parameter ... www.exploit-db.com/exploits/12912/ ▼

Jun 11, 2009 - Web Application Firewall Bypass using HTTP Parameter Pollution. EDB-ID: 12912, CVE; N/A, OSVDB-ID: N/A, Author; Lavakumar Kuppan ...

Web Application Firewall Bypass using HTTP Parameter ... www.exploit-db.com/papers/12912/ ▼

Web Application Firewall Bypass using HTTP Parameter Pollution. 340.pdf. © Offensive Security 2009-2015.

Profense 2.2.20/2.4.2 Web Application Firewall Security ... www.exploit-db.com/exploits/33002/ *

May 20, 2009 - An attacker can exploit these issues to bypass certain security restrictions and perform various web-application attacks. Versions *prior to* the

Beyond SQLi: Obfuscate and Bypass - Exploit Database

www.exploit-db.com/papers/17934/ ▼

Oct 6, 2011 - This papers will disclose advanced bypassing and obfuscation techniques about the techniques to bypass Web Application Firewall (WAF).

[PDF] "Http Parameter Contamination"

www.exploit-db.com/download_pdf/17534/ ▼

Jun 25, 2011 - Introduction to Http Parameter Contamination (HPC). Web Server Enumeration. Web Application Firewall (WAF) Bypass Proof Of Concept.

[PDF] CloudFlare vs Incapsula: Round 2 - Exploit Database

www.exploit-db.com/docs/29315.pdf ▼

This test was designed to bypass security controls in place, in any possible way, ... known filter evasion techniques to bypass their web application firewall ...



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Questions I want to answer

BACHELOR THESIS APPROACH



Why is this topic relevant?

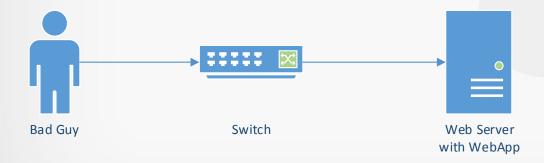
- Identifying a WAF will
 - Improve productivity during a pentest
 - Known vulnerabilities in certain products

- How is it possible to evade the security of a WAF?
 - Are old methods still effective against modern WAFs?
 - Are there common weaknesses that can be used during a pentest?



Building a testing lab with 2 environments

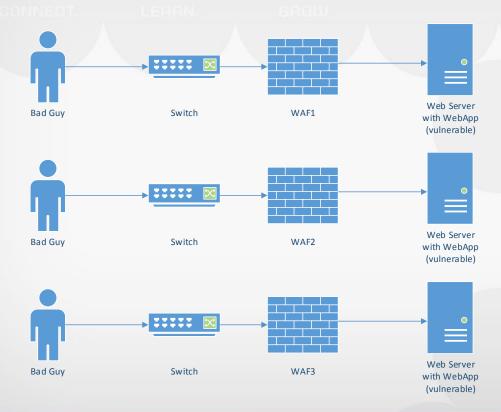
WebApp without a WAF





Building a testing lab with 2 environments

WebApp with WAFs of several vendors





- Profiling tests on WAF
 - Manual approach vs. Automated tools
 - Did vendors change patterns of their WAF?



- Testing the vulnerabilities without a WAF
 - Documentation of existing vulnerabilities and payloads that I used





- Creation of a payload sets based on the OWASP Top 10
 - SQLi
 - -XSS
 - Directory Traversal
 - etc.



- Testing the vulnerabilities with a WAF
 - Documentation of WAF responses
 - Payload passthrough statistics





Concept a methodology for pentesting web applications behind WAFs



Thesis output

- Thesis output
 - Pentest methodology for WebApps behind WAFs
 - Are automated tools always working?
 - How can you avoid that your WAF gets identified?
 - What can I do, to bypass a WAF
 - Up to date identification patterns for several WAFs
 - In case, I find new patterns I will support the wafw00f project







Discussion/Exchange

- Further ressources for evasion pattern?
- WAF vendors/products?
 - Do you have any suggestions?
 - Do you have experience with poor WAF solutions?
- Whitepapers that might be useful?
- More tools?
- Any ideas for further approaches?

